

PPS Tester (Print-Surf Tester)

Model No. 2039

Paper smoothness, one of the most important printing characteristics, has since long been measured with the Oken procedure, Sheffield procedure, Bendtsen tester, Gurley SPS tester or the like, depend upon air permeability and change in air inner pressure. However, these procedures resorting to physical properties involve difficulty in evaluating printing aptitude of paper. Parker Print-Surf (P.P.S.), a 1965's development by John Parker M.A. in the U.K., was highly appreciated by many researchers, to test the aptitude of paper for gravure printing. In 1985, this procedure was adopted as an English standard (BS) and in 1992 as an ISO standard.

The principle is as follows: an extremely thin measurement ring is pressed over the surface of a specimen with a certain level of pressure, and air of stable low pressure is fed from the inside of the ring. The air leaks out from the surface at the extremity where the measurement ring and the paper contact each other. The leak air volume varies with the roughness of a paper sheet, and the amount of leaked air volume is represented as an indicator of paper surface roughness in micron meters.

Specifications

Measurement Items:
Measurement Range:
Measurement Time:

Width of the Measurement Ring:
Diameter of the Measurement Ring Center:

Air Gap Width:

Measurement Air Pressure:

Clamp Pressure:

Backing:

Calculation Items:

Data Output:

Referential Standards:

Power Source: Air Source:

Outer Dimensions:

Instrument Weight:

smoothness, compression smoothness 0.6 to 6.0 µm smoothness 4 seconds in standard (able to be set in the range of 3 to 60 seconds)

51 μm 31.2mm 51 μm

smoothness 19.6kPa 490, 980, 1960kPa (5, 10,

20kgf/cm²) soft and hard

maximum and minimum values, average, standard deviation, variance coefficient, specific compression

specific con

RS-232C

JIS P-8151, ISO 8791-4:1992, BS

6563:1985,

TAPPI T555-om99

100/110VAC 50/60Hz 2A

0.5 MPa

340 x 550 x 500mm

42kg



